
Overview

SFHCI.A SFHCI.A This standard is concerned with the use of x-rays to produce conventional radiographic images for diagnostic purposes. Production of radiographic images should be undertaken within the scope of your own role. Key people are those involved in the individual's care and others involved in provision of services. Users of this standard will need

Performance criteria

You must be able to:

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1. apply standard precautions for infection control and other appropriate health and safety measures
2. ensure all necessary preparations have been made by the individual and staff before starting the procedure
3. check and prepare the equipment required for the examination
4. ensure the environment is conducive to maintaining the privacy and dignity of the individual
5. check the identification details before commencing the procedure in accordance with local policies and procedures
6. introduce yourself and other members of staff present during the examination
7. communicate with the individual / key people to facilitate their understanding of and co-operation with the examination
8. establish the individuals capacity to understand the procedure with the help of key people if necessary
9. obtain valid consent for the procedure in accordance with national and local guidelines
10. respect the individuals privacy, dignity, beliefs and decisions
11. clearly explain the procedure and possible outcomes, including risk, benefits and limitations

12. check individuals of child-bearing potential for pregnancy or possible pregnancy, if appropriate to the examination, and take action
in accordance with local protocols
13. confirm the status of key people before the examination and, where their presence is required, adhering to local guidelines
14. position the individual and adjust their clothing according to the protocols for the examination which allows an optimal outcome to be achieved while:
 - 14.1 recognising the individuals need to retain their dignity and self respect
 - 14.2 ensuring their comfort as far as possible
 - 14.3 preventing the appearance of artefacts
15. align the correct x-ray source/equipment and image receptor according to the appropriate examination technique, with anatomical legends correctly placed
16. apply, check and adjust appropriate exposure factors, collimation and radiation protection devices to minimise exposure to the individual
whilst optimising diagnostic image quality
17. check the room prior to making the exposure to ensure that only essential, protected persons remain with the individual and that all local

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rules have been adhered to and take appropriate action if this does not

occur

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18. seek confirmation that the individual is ready before the exposure is made
 19. maintain communication with the individual / key people to facilitate their understanding and co-operation throughout the examination
 20. observe the individuals condition and well-being at all times and take appropriate action should any adverse events occur
 21. process the image, ensure it is correctly labelled, including side marker and demographics
 22. inspect the image for satisfactory technical and diagnostic quality according to local guidelines and criteria
 23. make a decision with regard to the need to repeat any images, take additional images or undertake image post-processing to enhance the examination
 24. following the preliminary imaging examination, inform the appropriate person if an abnormality is observed on the image which is likely to require further investigation or treatment
 25. ensure safe and appropriate care for the individual on completion of the imaging episode
 26. provide the individual with information relating to the procedure and aftercare where necessary
 27. explain the process for obtaining results
 28. record, collate and prepare appropriate information, documentation, radiation doses and images for transfer or storage according to local protocols

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29. verify that the images have arrived/been stored according to local protocols
 30. recognise where help or advice is required and obtain this from appropriate sources

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Knowledge and understanding

You need to know and understand:

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1. legal, organisational and policy requirements relevant to your role, the role of others in your organisation and the activities being carried out
2. the relevant national and local standards, guidelines, policies and procedures that are available and how and when they should be accessed
3. the importance of respecting individuals culture, privacy, dignity, wishes, beliefs and decisions
4. the limitations of your own knowledge and experience and the importance of operating within your scope of practice
5. the roles and responsibilities of other team members
6. the importance of obtaining valid consent in line with national and local guidelines
7. clinical appropriateness of the examination request and the action to take when the request is not appropriate
8. the gross anatomy of the area to be examined
9. physiological and pathological processes relevant to the area being examined
10. anatomical landmarks on the body that are relevant to radiographic imaging
11. the area to be imaged, its position and relationship, and normal

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- appearances as seen on conventional radiographic images
12. common pathologies and normal variants of the area being examined
 13. medical terminology relevant to the examination including abbreviations
 14. positioning terminology including abbreviations
 15. manifestations of individuals physical and emotional status
 16. production, interactions and properties of x-rays
 17. the process involved in the formation of radiographic images
 18. the harmful effects of radiation to the human body and use of radiation protection equipment
 19. ways in which images can be captured, processed and permanently stored
 20. how to adapt communication styles, ask questions, and listen carefully in ways which are appropriate for the needs of the individual
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21. methods of communicating difficult and complex information to individuals and key people
 22. the importance of providing individuals and key people with opportunities to ask questions and increase their understanding
 23. the information that should be given to individuals before, during and on completion of the examination
 24. methods of assessing and recording radiation dose
 25. the inter-relationship between Kilo Volt Peak (kVp) and

Milliamperage (mA) and Time (seconds)

26. variables affecting exposure factors and how to manipulate exposure factors for the examination and the individual as appropriate
27. automatic exposure controls and which chambers to select for the examination
28. the technical and diagnostic quality requirements of the image
29. techniques and equipment required to optimise image quality for the area under examination
30. the recognition of artefacts and their impact
31. factors which influence the decision to repeat images or take additional views to aid diagnosis and to enhance the examination
32. the importance of timely equipment fault recognition and local procedures for reporting these
33. equipment capabilities, limitations and routine maintenance including the quality control processes required by the operator
34. types of x-ray equipment, images, image receptor systems that are suitable for imaging the different parts of the body
35. the positioning of the individual relevant to the examination
36. orientation and appropriate use of anatomical legends
37. procedures relating to recording, collating and preparing appropriate documentation, radiation doses and images for transfer or storage according to local protocols
38. how to keep full, accurate and clear records in line with organisational procedures

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External Links

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This standard links with the following dimension within the NHS

Knowledge and Skills Framework (October 2004):

Dimension: HWB6 Assessment and Treatment Planning

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