Overview

This standard is about systemic assessment. It is not a once-only event and may change as the therapeutic work proceeds. Systemic assessment is a therapeutic activity, in that what is asked of the client and how the questions are framed make a therapeutic difference. It has a role in keeping the client engaged in and encouraged about the work and provides an opportunity to find out holistic and relational information about the client, see how they respond to the approach and identify risks. In the systemic approach assessment, formulation and therapy are intricately linked.

This standard describes therapeutic practice that has been shown to benefit families and other clients engaged in family and systemic therapy (see reference in the additional information section on page 7). To apply this standard, practitioners also need to take account of the multiple problems and complex co-morbidities that clients may bring to therapy. Family and systemic therapy should be offered as part of an explicit and structured approach agreed within the treatment team and with the client and the system.

Users of this standard will need to ensure that practice reflects up to date information and policies. This standard should be understood in the context of the Digest of National Occupational Standards for Psychological Therapies.
Performance criteria

You must be able to:

P1  evaluate referral and contextual information obtained from relevant wider networks to determine:
   P1.1  whether and how to proceed with the assessment
   P1.2  who to consider involving
   P1.3  when and where to meet
P2  take into account the context and history in which the problem developed and the referral emerged at this particular time
P3  obtain the client's consent to consult members of the wider system
P4  where the client does not have the capacity to give consent, make a decision to consult the wider system on the basis of the best interests of the client or an individual in the client system
P5  check with each client and explain to the client and relevant members of the wider system how you propose to work systemically
P6  identify in conjunction with the client and, with permission, significant others:
   P6.1  perceived problem areas and the surrounding beliefs
   P6.2  information about the client's family, schooling, work, interests, and other areas of life
   P6.3  relevant information about the social, emotional and physical development of
   P6.4  the potential strengths, skills and resources of the client and significant others that may support therapeutic change
   P6.5  the solutions that have proved to be helpful or have been thought about
   P6.6  the attempted solutions that have proved to be unhelpful or cannot be contemplated due to personal or cultural restraint
P7  specifically obtain information about medication and explore it relationally
P8  evaluate feedback from the client and significant others on the acceptability of the interventive aspects of the assessment process
P9  assess and act on the risks that apply to the client, significant others and the wider community in line with your local guidelines
P10 assess communication and interaction patterns within families and between family members, significant others and helping agencies
P11 assess and map the family relationships and relationships with the wider system and significant others from your and the client's understanding
P12 communicate with the client in ways that are sensitive to:
   P12.1 individuals' age and developmental stages
   P12.2 their culture and disability
   P12.3 the risk to each individual from new potentially harmful information
P13 recognise and work with power differences affecting different members
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- of the system's rights to speak and contribute including those within the therapeutic relationship
- help the client to articulate their situation and relationships in ways that enable them to appreciate and take both a close-up view and a wider perspective
- share with the client and members of the system the outcome indicating whether systemic therapy is the right option for the client
- describe alternatives to family and systemic therapy if jointly you consider it not to be an effective or best option
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Knowledge and understanding

You need to know and understand:

**Systemic assessment**

- K1 the objectives of a systemic assessment from the perspective of the therapist and members of the system
- K2 how to use evidence based and formal assessment methods
- K3 the construction and applications of commonly used methods of system mapping
- K4 the indications and contra-indications to systemic treatment
- K5 how to carry out a multiple-perspective, systemic assessment
- K6 the potential negative consequences of the production of a formal assessment
- K7 how to write reports of an assessment for a range of audiences
- K8 the effects of mental illness in its acute, florid and less distinguishable forms on family life
- K9 the impact of social and behavioural problems on family life

**Development and health**

You need to know and understand:

- K10 the physical, psychological, emotional and social development of a person through the life cycle
- K11 mental illness in all its acute, florid and less distinguishable forms as this affects family life

**Risk**

You need to know and understand:

- K12 the assessment of risks to individuals and the risks they pose to others in a range of settings
- K13 current legislation and local guidelines and procedures about child and vulnerable adult safeguarding
- K14 the relevant professional systems of health care, social care, local authority and education applicable to safeguarding
- K15 how to balance the risk or safety and opportunity in therapeutic interventions
- K16 ethical issues of valid consent for all members of a system

**Systemic approaches that enable therapeutic change**

You need to know and understand:

- K17 the role systems can play in psychological problems and health
- K18 how patterns of interaction and relationships within systems contribute to and maintain psychological, social, relational and cultural problems and health
- K19 explanations of how changes in any part of the system may have an
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**Systemic principles that inform the therapeutic approach**

You need to know and understand:

K26 the range of contexts in which the client needs to be viewed  
K27 how the contexts manifest and constitute the system of significance  
K28 the personal, family and cultural factors and interactions between those factors that shape the individual  
K29 ways in which people understand themselves and the world around them  
K30 the influence of power relationships and different socio-cultural contexts on the development of meaning, relationships and behaviour for the client and the therapist  
K31 the influence of varied individual accounts of the same event on relationships and understanding in the system  
K32 the influence of recursive cycles of feedback on systems and individuals’ narratives, beliefs, emotions, feelings, actions, interactions and relationships

**The therapeutic relationship**

You need to know and understand:

K33 ethical, non-oppressive and anti-discriminatory practices  
K34 how to form and maintain collaborative relationships in age and culturally appropriate ways with everyone in the system  
K35 the impact of personal and professional narratives on the therapeutic process

**Basic principles and rationale of systemic approaches**

You need to know and understand:

K36 the various systemic models and other related concepts and their limitations  
K37 theories of systemic change and clients' theories of change  
K38 the assumptions contained in the various systemic models
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<th>K39</th>
<th>how to develop an account of patterns in relationships in families and wider systems</th>
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<td>K40</td>
<td>family based attachment theories across the life cycle from a systemic perspective</td>
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Additional Information

External links

This standard is derived from research reported in Roth, A., Pilling, S. and Stratton, P (2009) *The competences required to deliver effective Systemic Therapies* Centre for Outcomes Research & Effectiveness (CORE) University College London.

This standard has indicative links with the following dimension within the NHS Knowledge and Skills Framework (October 2004):

Dimension: To be confirmed
Planned Review Date: 2014
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